REMEDIEREA DEFECTELOR DE TIP DSA – DEFECTE IN STRATUL DE ACOPERIRE AL ARMATURILOR

RETRIEVAL OF DEFECTS TYPE DSA – DEFECTS IN THE REINFORCEMENT CONCRETE COVER LAYER

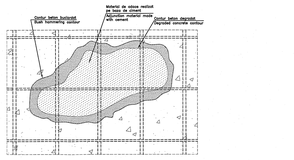

FIG. 1 MARCAREA SUPRAFETEI DEGRADATE SI BUCARDAREA ZONEI ADIACENTE PE CCA. 100M.

MARKING THE DEGRADED SURFACE AND 100M ADITIONAL AREA BUSH HAMMERING

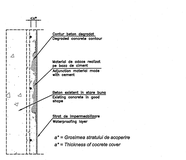

FIG. 2 SECTIUNE PRIN SUPRAFATA REPARATA

SECTION THRU THE REPAIRED SURFACE

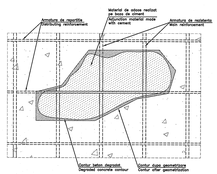

FIG. 3 VEDERE LATERALA A SUPRAFETELOR CU ARMATURI NECOROZATE

LATERAL VIEW OF SURFACES WITH UNACTED UPON REINFORCEMENT

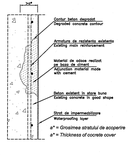

FIG. 4 SECTIUNE PRIN SUPRAFATE CU ARMATURI CORESPUNZATOARE

SECTION THRU THE SURFACES WITH ADEQUATE REINFORCEMENT

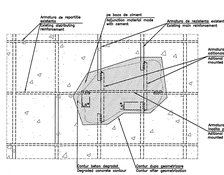

FIG. 5 VEDERE LATERALA A SUPRAFETELOR CU ARMATURI ADITIONALE

LATERAL VIEW OF SURFACES WITH THE ADITIONAL REINFORCEMENT MOUNTED BY WELDING

Lx = Lungimea minima a conturului de sudura conf. C28-85*

Lx = Minimum lenght of welding seam acc. to C28-85*

FIG. 6 SECTIUNE PRIN SUPRAFETE CU MONTAREA ARMATURII ADITIONALE PRIN SUDURA

SECTION THRU THE SURFACES WITH THE ADITIONAL REINFORCEMENT MOUNTED BY WELDING

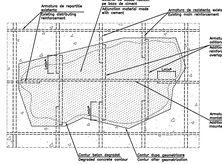

FIG. 7 VEDERE LATERALA A SUPRAFETELOR CU ARMATURI ADITIONALE

LATERAL VIEW OF SURFACES WITH THE ADITIONAL REINFORCEMENT BY OVERLAPING

Lmin = Lungimea minima de ancorare conf. tabel 25 STAS 10111/2-87*

Lmin = Minimum lenght of overlaping acc. to table no. 25 from STAS 10111/2-87*

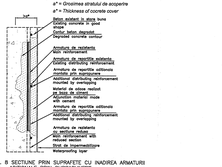

FIG. 8 SECTIUNE PRIN SUPRAFETE CU INADIREA ARMATURII ADITIONALE PRIN SUPRAPUNERE

SECTION THRU THE SURFACES WITH THE ADDITIONAL REINFORCEMENT MOUNTED BY OVERLAPPING

Tehnologia lucrarilor de reparatie a suprafetelor de beton cu defecte de tip DSA, conf. C149-87:

1. Se identifica si se marcheaza suprafetele de beton degradate;
2. Se indeparteaza zonele de beton degradate cu ciocanul de zidar;
3. Se bucardeaza suprafetele adiacente sanei degradate pe 100m stanga-dreapta;
4. Curatirea prin jet de aer sub presiune;
5. Se aplica stratul de aderenta astfel incat tot restul din masa betonului existent sa fie inchis;
6. Se aplica mortarul prin tencuire in straturi de max. 10mm si se presseaza cu mistria;
7. Protectia zonei reparatiilor contra evaporarii rapide a apei;
8. Se aplica stratul de impermeabilizare si uniformizare a aspectului betonului (aplicarea stratului de impermeabilizare se va face dupa uscarea intregii zone reparate).

Technology of repair works to the concrete areas with type DSA damages, acc. to C149-87:

1. Identifying and marking the damaged concrete areas;
2. Removing the damaged concrete areas by using the brick hammer
3. Granulating the areas adjacent to the damaged one on 10 cm left–right side;
4. Cleaning with compressed air stream;
5. Filling on the adherence layer such as to close all the voids of the existent mass;
6. Placing on the mortar by plastering in max. 10 mm layers and pressing it with trowel;
7. Protecting the area against sudden evaporation of water;
8. Placing on the waterproofing and levelling layer of the concrete surface (the waterproofing layer shall be placed on shan the entire repaired area is dried).

Tehnologia lucrarilor de reparatie a suprafetelor de beton cu defecte de tip DASR conf. C149-87 (fig.3, fig.4), cazul armaturilor cu sectiune corespunzatoare:

1. Se identifica si se marcheaza suprafetele de beton degradate;
2. Se repareaza si se marcheaza pozitia armaturilor (pentru evitarea deteriorarii acestora pe durata realizarii lucrarilor de inlaturare a betonului degradat);
3. Se inlatura betonul degradat prin spituire si se creiaza un contur cu rugozitati si zone dengajate;
4. Se inlatura praful rezultat cu jet de aer sub presiune;
5. Se curata armaturile de rugina cu ajutorul metalic;
6. Se curata suprafata de beton curatata cu jet de aer sub presiune;
7. Se aplica stratul de protectie anticoroziv pe armaturi;
8. Se uda suprafata de beton curatata pana la saturatie;
9. Se aplica stratul amorsa care va asigura legatura cu betonul existent;
10. Se aplica mortarul prin tencuire;
11. Se aplica stratul amorsa care va asigura legatura cu betonul existent;
12. Se protejeaza suprafata contra aparitarii rapide a apei;
13. Se aplica stratul de impermeabilizare si uniformizare a aspectului betonului (acest strat se va aplica la final pe intreaga suprafata de beton vizibila, dupa realizarea lucrarilor de reparatii).

Technology of repair works to the concrete areas with type DASR damages, acc. to C149-87, case with adequate section of reinforcement (fig.3, fig.4).:

1. Identifying and marking the damaged concrete areas;
2. Finding and marking the reinforcements position (in order to avoid deterioration during the execution of the damaged concrete removal works);
3. Removing the damaged concrete by chiselling and creating a regular perimeter of the damaged area;
4. Cleaning the entire surface with compressed air stream;
5. Rubbing off the rust from reinforcements to the iron glance;
6. Cleaning the entire surface with compressed air stream;
7. Laying on the anti corrosion protection layer on reinforcements;
8. Wetting the area to saturation;
9. Placing on the adherence layer such as to close all the voids of the existent mass;
10. Placing on the mortar by plastering;
11. Smoothing the repaired area;
12. Protecting the area against sudden evaporation of water;
13. Placing on the waterproofing and levelling layer of the concrete surface (this layer shall be placed on finally on the entire visible concrete area after executing the repairs works).

Tehnologia lucrarilor de reparatie a suprafetelor de beton cu defecte de tip DASR conf. C149-87 (fig.5, fig.6), cazul armaturilor cu sectiune necorespunzatoare si montarii unor armaturi aditionale prin sudura:

1. Se identifica si se marcheaza suprafetele de beton degradate;
2. Se repareaza si se marcheaza pozitia armaturilor (pentru evitarea deteriorarii acestea pe durata realizarii lucrarilor de inlaturare a betonului degradat);
3. Se inlatura betonul degradat prin spituire si se creiaza un contur cu rugozitati si zone dengajate;
4. Se inlatura praful rezultat cu jet de aer sub presiune;
5. Se curata armaturile de strat coroziv pana la luciul metalic;
6. Se curata suprafata de sectiune necorespunzatoare;
7. Se montează armaturile aditionale inodate prin sudura. Functie de tipul otelului beton se va stabili lungimea cordoanelor de sudura conf. C28-85;
8. Se curata intreaga suprafata degradata cu jet de aer sub presiune;
9. Se aplica stratul de protectie antioxidanta pe armaturi;
10. Se uda suprafata de beton curatata pana la saturatie;
11. Se aplica stratul amorsa care va asigura legatura cu betonul existent;
12. Se aplica mortarul prin tencuire;
13. Se netezeste suprafata reparata;
14. Se protejeaza suprafata contra aparitiei rapide a apei;
15. Se aplica stratul de impermeabilizare si uniformizare a aspectului betonului (acest strat se va aplica la final pe intreaga suprafata de beton vizibila, dupa realizarea lucrarilor de reparatii).

Technology of repair works to the concrete areas with type DASR damages, acc. to C149-87, case with improper section of reinforcement and mounting the additional reinforcement by welding (fig.5, fig.6):

1. Identifying and marking the damaged concrete areas;
2. Finding and marking the reinforcements position (in order to avoid deterioration during the execution of the damaged concrete removal works);
3. Removing the damaged concrete by chiselling and creating a regular perimeter of the damaged area;
4. Cleaning the entire surface with compressed air stream;
5. Rubbing off the rust from reinforcements to the iron glance;
6. Cutting the reinforcement with improper section;
7. Mounting the additional reinforcement by welding. Depending by the length and diameter of bars will be set the length of the welding seam in according with C28–85;
8. Cleaning the entire surface with compressed air stream;
9. Laying on the anti corrosion protection layer on reinforcements;
10. Wetting the area to saturation;
11. Placing on the adherence layer such as to close all the voids of the existent mass;
12. Placing on the mortar by plastering;
13. Smoothing the repaired area;
14. Protecting the area against sudden evaporation of water;
15. Placing on the waterproofing and levelling layer of the concrete surface (this layer shall be placed on finally on the entire visible concrete area after executing the repairs works).

Tehnologia lucrarilor de reparatie a suprafetelor de beton cu defecte de tip DASR conf. C149-87 (fig.7, fig.8), cazul armaturilor cu sectiune necorespunzatoare si montarii unor armaturi aditionale prin suprapunere:

1. Se identifica si se marcheaza suprafetele de beton degradate;
2. Se repareaza si se marcheaza pozitia armaturilor (pentru evitarea deteriorarii acestea pe durata realizarii lucrarilor de inlaturare a betonului degradat);
3. Se inlatura betonul degradat prin spituire si se creiaza un contur cu rugozitati si zone dengajate;
4. Se inlatura praful rezultat cu jet de aer sub presiune;
5. Se curata armaturile de strat coroziv pana la luciul metalic;
6. Se curata suprafata de sectiune necorespunzatoare;
7. Se aplica armaturile aditionale montate prin suprapunere. Se va asigura o lungime de ancorare conf. tabel 25 STAS 10111/2-87;
8. Se curata intreaga suprafata degradata cu jet de aer sub presiune;
9. Se aplica stratul de protectie anticoroziv pe armaturi;
10. Se uda suprafata de beton curatata pana la saturatie;
11. Se aplica stratul amorsa care va asigura legatura cu betonul existent;
12. Se aplica mortarul prin tencuire;
13. Se netezeste suprafata reparata;
14. Se protejeaza suprafata contra aparitiei rapide a apei;
15. Se aplica stratul de impermeabilizare si uniformizare a aspectului betonului (acest strat se va aplica la final pe intreaga suprafata de beton vizibila, dupa realizarea lucrarilor de reparatii).

Technology of repair works to the concrete areas with type DASR damages, acc. to C149-87, case with improper section of reinforcement and mounting the additional reinforcement by overlapping (fig.7, fig.8):

1. Identifying and marking the damaged concrete areas;
2. Finding and marking the reinforcements position (in order to avoid deterioration during the execution of the damaged concrete removal works);
3. Removing the damaged concrete by chiselling and creating a regular perimeter of the damaged area;
4. Cleaning the entire surface with compressed air stream;
5. Rubbing off the rust from reinforcements to the iron glance;
6. Cutting the reinforcement with improper section;
7. Mounting the additional reinforcement by overlapping;
8. Laying on the anti corrosion protection layer on reinforcements;
9. Wetting the area to saturation;
10. Placing on the adherence layer such as to close all the voids of the existent mass;
11. Placing on the mortar by plastering;
12. Smoothing the repaired area;
13. Protecting the area against sudden evaporation of water;
14. Placing on the waterproofing and levelling layer of the concrete surface (this layer shall be placed on finally on the entire visible concrete area after executing the repairs works).

NOTA:

In cazul in care pentru suprafetele ce contin armaturi cu sectiuni necorespunzatoare reduse prin coroziune si nu este posibil montarea armaturilor aditionale prin suprapunere, (lungimea bare existente pe zona suprafetei degradate este mai mica decat dublul lungimii minime de ancorare), atunci ele se vor inadi prin sudura la armatea ceparte conf. C28–85.

NOTE:

It is not possible to mount the additional reinforcement by overlapping for surfaces with reinforcements with reduced section caused by corrosion, (length of the existing bar is smaller than double of minimum length of the bar to be allow anchoring) then the mounting will be made by welding on both ends acc. to C28–85.

NOTA:

1. La executia se vor respecta cu strictete prevederile din "Codul de practica pentru executarea lucrarilor din beton, beton armat si beton precomprimat", indicativ NE 012–1/2007, din "Instructiunile tehnice privind procedeele de remediere a defectelor constatate la elementele de beton si beton armat" indicativ C149–87, din "Normativul pentru verificarea calitatii si receptia lucrarilor de constructii aferente" indicativ C56–85, si a Caietului de Sarcini.
2. Daca in timpul lucrarilor se vor constata anumite neconcordante intre datele inscrise in documentatia tehnica si situatia de pe teren, va fi convocat proiectantul pentru adaptarea proiectului la noua situatie.

NOTE:

1. There will be strictly respected the provisions from "Practice code for plain concrete, reinforced concrete and prestressed concrete works execution" ind. NEDI2–1/2007, "Technicall instructions regarding remedial procedures of plain concrete and reinforced concrete defects" ind. C149–87, from "Normative for quality checking and works reception for afferent construction" ind. C56–85 and Technical Specifications of this project.
2. If unconformities between the designed data and the site situation are found out during works execution, the designer will be convened to adjust the design according to the new situation.

CARACTERISTICI TEHNICE ALE MATERIALELOR UTILIZATE:

A. Amorsa conform caietului de sarcini si cu urmatoarele caracteristici:

- Rezistenta la tractiune >1.5N/mm²;
- Timp de priza la 20°C >45min;
- Numar straturi necesar 1 de 1mm groasime;
- Temperatura de aplicare +5° a +40°C;
- Cantitatea de apa 118l;
- Expansiunea <0.5%

B. Material de adeze pe baza de ciment conform caietului de sarcini si avand urmatoarele caracteristici:

- Dimensiunea agregatelor 0.1÷2.0mm;
- Grosimea stratului aplicat 6÷40mm;
- Rezistenta la tractiune >1.5N/mm²;
- Rezistenta la compresiune >60N/mm² la 28zile;
- Compression resistance >60N/mm² to 28zile;
- Stretching resistance from bending >6.0N/mm²
- Temperatura de aplicare +5° a +40°C;
- Cantitatea de apa 118l;
- Expansiunea <0.5%

C. Strat de impermeabilizare conform caietului de sarcini ce se va aplica cu pensula sau cu pistolul de torcretat si avand urmatoarele caracteristici:

- Material de baza ciment;
- Numar minim de straturi 2;
- Grosimea min. a stratului aplicat 0,5mm;
- Vascozitate la 10°C cca. 1000–1500 MPas;
- Vascozitate la 20°C cca. 500–700 MPas;
- Durata lucrabilitate la 20°C >45min;
- Temperatura min. de aplicare pe strat suport +10°C;

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION OF THE USED MATERIALS:

A. Primer according to technical specification shall have the following requirements:

- Stretching resistance >1.5N/mm²;
- Time before hardening at 20°C >45min;
- Number of necessary layer 1 of 1mm thickness;
- Applying temperature +5° a +40°C;
- Quantity of water 18%;
- Frost deftness resistance;
- Applicable on wet surfaces;

B. Adjunction material made with cement according to technical specification shall have the following requirements:

- Granulosity 0.1÷2.0mm;
- Thickness of the layer 6÷40mm;
- Stretching resistance >1.5N/mm²;
- Compression resistance >60N/mm² to 28zile;
- Stretching resistance from bending >6.0N/mm²
- Applying temperature +5° a +40°C;
- Quantity of water 18%;
- Expansion <0.5%

C. Waterproofing layer according to technical specification which will be applied using paintbrush or shotcrete gun and shall have the following requirements:

- Base material cement;
- Number of necessary layer 2;
- Minimum thickness of the layer 2mm;
- Viscosity at 10°C cca. 1000–1500 MPas;
- Viscosity at 20°C cca. 500–700 MPas;
- Time before hardening at 20°C >45min;
- Minimal temperature for applying of support layer +10°C;

CARACTERISTICI TEHNICE ALE MATERIALELOR UTILIZATE:

A. Material de protectie anticoroziv conform caietului de sarcini, ce se aplica cu pensula si avand urmatoarele caracteristici:

- Material de baza ciment;
- Rezistenta la tractiune >1.5N/mm²;
- Durata lucrabilitate la 20°C >45min;
- Numar minim de straturi necesar 2;
- Grosimea min. a stratului aplicat 0,5mm;
- Temperatura de aplicare +5° a +40°C;
- Cantitatea de apa 18%;

B. Amorsa conform caietului de sarcini si cu urmatoarele caracteristici:

- Rezistenta la tractiune >1.5N/mm²;
- Timp de priza la 20°C >45min;
- Numar straturi necesar 1 de 1mm groasime;
- Temperatura de aplicare +5° a +40°C;
- Cantitatea de apa 18%;
- Rezistent la inghet–dezghet;
- Aplicabil pe suport umed;

C. Material de adeze pe baza de ciment conform caietului de sarcini si avand urmatoarele caracteristici:

- Dimensiunea agregatelor 0.1÷2.0mm;
- Grosimea stratului aplicat 6÷40mm;
- Rezistenta la tractiune >1.5N/mm²;
- Rezistenta la compresiune >60N/mm² la 28zile;
- Rezistenta la tractiune din incovoiere>6.0N/mm²
- Durata lucrabilitate la 20°C >45min;
- Temperatura de aplicare +5° a +40°C;
- Cantitatea de apa 11%;
- Expansiunea <0.5%

D. Strat de impermeabilizare conform caietului de sarcini ce se va aplica cu pensula sau cu pistolul de torcretat si avand urmatoarele caracteristici:

- Material de baza ciment;
- Numar minim de straturi 2;
- Grosimea min. a stratului aplicat 2mm;
- Vascozitate la 10°C cca. 1000–1500 MPas;
- Vascozitate la 20°C cca. 500–700 MPas;
- Durata lucrabilitate la 20°C >45min;
- Temperatura min. de aplicare pe strat suport +10°C;

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION OF THE USED MATERIALS:

A. Anticorrosive material protection according to technical specification which will be applied using paintbrush and shall have the following requirements:

- Base material cement;
- Stretching resistance >1.5N/mm²;
- Time before hardening at 20° >45min;
- Number of necessary layer 2;
- Minimum thickness of the layer 0.5mm;
- Applying temperature +5° a +40°C;
- Quantity of water 18%;

B. Primer according to technical specification shall have the following requirements:

- Stretching resistance >1.5N/mm²;
- Time before hardening at 20°C >45min;
- Number of necessary layer 1 of 1mm thickness;
- Applying temperature +5° a +40°C;
- Quantity of water 18%;
- Frost deftness resistance;
- Applicable on wet surfaces;

C. Adjunction material made with cement according to technical specification shall have the following requirements:

- Granulosity 0.1÷2.0mm;
- Thickness of the layer 6÷40mm;
- Stretching resistance >1.5N/mm²;
- Compression resistance >60N/mm² to 28zile;
- Stretching resistance from bending >6.0N/mm²
- Applying temperature +5° a +40°C;
- Quantity of water 11%;
- Expansion <0.5%

*D